

2

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18



JUN 0 1 2005

John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk

By Deputy

S. Gabb

THE CARRICK LAW GROUP A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION Roger Lane Carrick (State Bar No. 096342) 350 S. Grand Avenue, Suite 2930 Los Angeles, California 90071-3406 Telephone: (213) 346, 7030

Telephone: (213) 346-7930 Facsimile: (213) 346-7931

Attorney for Plaintiff
AMERICAN ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY INSTITUTE

# SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

AMERICAN ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY INSTITUTE, a non-profit California corporation,

Case No.

BC334309

Plaintiff,

٧.

and belief:

COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND CIVIL PENALTIES; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE DISTRIBUTING COMPANY, a Ohio corporation; THE PROCTER & GAMBLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, a Ohio corporation; and DOES 1 – 100.

Health & Safety Code § 25249 et seq.

(Other)

Defendants.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Plaintiff, by and through its counsel, hereby alleges the following on information

#### **INTRODUCTION**

1. This complaint seeks to remedy the continuing failure of THE PROCTER & GAMBLE DISTRIBUTING COMPANY, THE PROCTER & GAMBLE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, and DEFENDANT DOES 1 through 100, to warn individuals in California that they are being exposed to Lead and Lead and lead compounds (collectively, "Lead"), toxic heavy metals known to the State of California to cause both cancer and reproductive toxicity, when those individuals use Defendants' toothpaste products ("Products").

- 2. On February 27, 1987, the Governor of the State of California officially listed Lead as a chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity. Lead became subject to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 ("Proposition 65") requirement of a "clear and reasonable" reproductive toxicity warning requirement one year later, beginning on February 27, 1988. California Health & Safety ("H&S") Code 25249.6 et seq.; 22 California Code of Regulations ("CCR") §12000.
- 3. On October 1, 1992, the Governor of the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds (collectively referred to herein as "Lead") as chemicals known to cause cancer. Lead became subject to the Prop. 65 "clear and reasonable" carcinogen warning requirement one year later, beginning on October 1, 1993. H&S Code 25249.6 et seq.; 22 CCR § 12000.
- 4. Lead, even in small doses, is well known to cause damage to both the male and female reproductive systems. U.S. Agency For Toxic Substances and Disease Registry ("ATSDR"), *ToxFAQs: Lead*, 1993 and *Toxicological Profile*, 1999. Prenatal exposure to Lead can have harmful developmental effects, including premature births, smaller babies, decreased mental ability in the infant, learning difficulties, and reduced growth in young children, as well as teratogenic effects including brain damage and abortion. *Id.* Childhood exposure to Lead can also have harmful effects, including neurological damage and cancer. *Id.*
- 5. Defendant's conduct in selling these Products without warning to consumers about these exposures to dangerous toxic chemicals like Lead violates Proposition 65.

#### **PARTIES**

6. The term "Plaintiff" as used herein is defined to mean AMERICAN ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY INSTITUTE ("Institute" or "Plaintiff"), which is a non-profit California corporation dedicated to investigating environmental and public health hazards affecting children and adults in their regular daily lives. The Institute is based in Palo Alto, California, and was incorporated under the laws of the State of California in 1998. The Institute is a "person" within the meaning of H&S Code § 25249.11(a), and brings this enforcement action in the public interest pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(d).

7. Defe	endants THE PROCTER & GAMBLE I	DISTRIBUTING COMPANY and	
THE PROCTER &	CAMBLE MANUFACTURING COM	MPANY (collectively, "Procter &	
Gamble"), which are Ohio corporations with its headquarters and principal place of business			
located at One Pro-	cter & Gamble Plaza, Cincinnati, OH	45201. Procter & Gamble	
manufacturers, distributes, and sells its Products across the United States, including in			
California, through	various distributors and retail outlets.	Procter & Gamble is a person in the	
course of doing business within the meaning of H&S Code § 25249.11.			

- 8. DEFENDANT DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are each a person in the course of doing business within the meaning of H&S Code § 25249.11. DEFENDANT DOES 1 through 100 manufacture and/or distribute toothpaste products that contain Lead for sale and/or use in California.
- 9. The true names of DEFENDANT DOES 1 through 100 are unknown to Plaintiff at this time. When their identities are ascertained, the complaint shall be amended to reflect their true names.
- 10. The term "Defendants" as used herein is defined to mean collectively, Procter & Gamble and DEFENDANT DOES 1 through 100.

### STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND

- 11. The People of the State of California declared, in adopting Proposition 65 in 1986 as an initiative statute, their right "[t]o be informed about exposures to chemicals that cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm." Proposition 65, § l(b).
- 12. To effectuate this goal, Proposition 65 requires that individuals be provided with a clear and reasonable warning before being exposed to chemicals listed by the Governor of the State of California as causing cancer or birth defects and other reproductive harm, unless the person (including businesses) responsible for the exposure can prove that such exposure is otherwise lawful, as follows:

No person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual....H&S Code § 25249.6

- 13. Defendants Products are distributed to, and for the use of, California consumers. Defendants have sold and distributed its Products in California continuously in the four years preceding the filing of this action.
- 14. The Products contain Lead, which comes into contact with consumers' skin, and may also be inhaled and/or ingested, when consumers use Defendants' Products as recommended by the Products' directions for use as supplied by Defendants.
- 15. Defendants know that its Products contain Lead, and that individuals are exposed to the Lead contained in each of the Products through the intended and foreseeable use of its Products.
- 16. The Products' directions for use state the manner in which Defendants intends its Products be applied. The use of the Products in this manner results in exposing consumers in California to the Lead contained in each of the Products.
- 17. Since June 10, 2003, Defendants have not provided a clear and reasonable warning regarding the carcinogenicity or reproductive toxicity caused by exposure to Lead from use of the Products sold after that date.
- 18. Defendants fail to provide any disclosure that its Products contain Lead, or any disclosure or warning as to the potential adverse health effects to human beings from contact with or ingestion of Lead, or any disclosure or warning that the State of California has officially determined Lead to be known to cause cancer and reproductive toxicity.
- 19. Defendants know or should reasonably know that its failure to disclose the presence of Lead in its Products, while at the same time promoting its Products in a fashion likely to create expectations of safety and well-being among the users of its Products, is likely to deceive, and is deceiving, consumers and the general public in California regarding the nature and safety of Defendant's Products.
- 20. Any person, including the Institute, has standing to enforce violations of Proposition 65, provided that such person has supplied the requisite public enforcers with a Sixty-Day Notice of Violation and such public enforcers are not diligently prosecuting the action within their respective jurisdictions within such time. H&S Code § 25249.7(d). On or about

1	Ju
2	"N
3	M
4	ev
5	gr
6	ar
7	liı
8	cc
9	st
10	fr
11	sŗ
12	id
13	vi
14	pı
15	le
16	C

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

ine 10, 2004, the Institute served a Sixty-Day "Notice of Violation of Proposition 65" (the Notice") on The Procter & Gamble Distributing Company, The Procter & Gamble anufacturing Company, Zooth, Inc., the California Attorney General, the District Attorneys of very county in California, and the City Attorneys of every California city with a population eater than 750,000. The Institute accomplished service of the Notice on the Defendants in full nd complete compliance with each specific requirement of 22 CCR § 12903, including but not mited to the inclusion of the following information in each Notice: The Institute's name and ontact address; the Institute's attorney of record; the name and address of the violator; the atute violated; the time period during which violations occurred; the routes of exposure to Lead om the Products and specific descriptions of the violations, including product categories and pecific illustrative examples of Products sold in violation of Proposition 65, as well as lentifying Lead as the specific Proposition 65-listed chemicals that are the subject of the iolations described in the Notice. None of the public enforcers has subsequently commenced or rosecuted an action against the Defendants. The Institute's Notice regarding Lead was sent at east sixty-days prior to the filing of the Complaint. The Institute also complied fully and ompletely with H&S Code § 25249.7 as amended, in that the Institute provided the required certificates of merit for its Notice to each of the alleged violators and to the California Attorney General.

- 21. Defendant's failure to provide warnings in violation of Proposition 65 constitutes an act that may be enjoined by the Court pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(a).
- 22. Plaintiff seeks such injunctive relief to compel each Defendant to provide California purchasers and users of the Products with clear and reasonable warnings regarding the presence and known health hazards of exposure to the Lead contained in the Products.
- 23. Proposition 65 provides for civil penalties up to \$2,500 per day for each violation of Proposition 65 pursuant to H&S Code \$25249.7(b)
- 24. Plaintiff seeks civil penalties against each Defendant for its violations of Proposition 65.

*1* 

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 25. The Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(a), which allows enforcement in any court of competent jurisdiction. The California Superior Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to California Constitution Article VI, Section 10, which grants the Superior Court "original jurisdiction in all cases except those given by statute to other trial courts." The statutes under which this action is brought do not grant jurisdiction to any other trial court.
- 26. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because, based on information and belief, Defendants are corporations that have sufficient minimum contacts in California, is a citizen of California, or otherwise intentionally avails itself of the California market either through the distribution or sale of the Products in the State of California or by having a manufacturing, distribution or other facility located in California so as to render the exercise of jurisdiction over it by the California courts consistent with traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.
- 27. Venue is proper in the Los Angeles Superior Court because numerous violations alleged above have occurred and are occurring in the County of Los Angeles.

## FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unlawful Acts of Knowingly and Intentionally Exposing Individuals to Lead as a Carcinogen in Violation of Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.,

By Defendants The Procter & Gamble Distributing Company; The Procter & Gamble Manufacturing Company and Does 1 – 100)

- 28. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 27 inclusive.
- 29. From June 10, 2003, and continuing to the present, each Defendants has sold its Products in California. Each Defendant has failed, and continues to fail, to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the carcinogenicity of Lead to users of its Products, as required by Proposition 65.

30. By committing the acts alleged above, each Defendant has, since or after June 10, 2003, violated Proposition 65, by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to Lead without first giving them clear and reasonable warning regarding the carcinogenicity of Lead. On information and belief, within the statutory period each Defendant has engaged in multiple sales of its Products in California in violation of the statute. Each of those sales is subject to the statutorily authorized penalty of up to \$2500 per violation.

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against each Defendant, as set forth hereafter.

#### **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION**

(Unlawful Acts of Knowingly and Intentionally Exposing
Individuals to Lead as a Reproductive Toxin
in Violation of Health & Safety Code § 25249.6 et seq.,
By Defendants The Procter & Gamble Distributing Company;
The Procter & Gamble Manufacturing Company and Does 1 – 100)

- 31. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 30 inclusive.
- 32. From June 10, 2003, and continuing to the present, each Defendant has sold its Products in California. Each Defendant has failed, and continues to fail, to provide clear and reasonable warnings regarding the reproductive toxicity of Lead to users of its Products, as required by Proposition 65.
- 33. By committing the acts alleged above, each Defendant has, since or after June 10, 2003, violated Proposition 65, by knowingly and intentionally exposing individuals to Lead without first giving them clear and reasonable warning regarding the reproductive toxicity of Lead. On information and belief, within the statutory period each Defendant has engaged in multiple sales of its Products in California in violation of the statute. Each of those sales is subject to the statutorily authorized penalty of up to \$2500 per violation.

Wherefore, Plaintiff prays for judgment against each Defendant, as set forth hereafter.

///

34. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference as if specifically set forth herein Paragraphs 1 through 33 inclusive.

35. By committing the acts alleged herein, each Defendant has caused irreparable harm for which there is no plain, speedy or adequate remedy at law. In the absence of equitable relief, the general public will continue to be involuntarily exposed to Lead in these Products, creating substantial risk of irreparable physical injury, without a clear and reasonable warning, creating a clear and present danger to public health and welfare.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiff prays for judgment against each Defendant as follows:

#### On The First and Second Causes of Action:

1. That the Court, pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(a), preliminarily and permanently enjoin each Defendant from offering its respective Products for sale without disclosing the presence of Lead in such Products in a manner that complies with the Proposition 65 statutory warning requirements, as Plaintiff shall specify in further application to the Court;

## On The First and Second Cause of Action:

2. That the Court, pursuant to H&S Code § 25249.7(b), assess civil penalties against each Defendant in an amount to be determined by the Court for each violation of Proposition 65 alleged herein since June 10, 2003;

///

///

///

///

///

## On All Causes of Action: 1 3. For costs of this action; 2 3 4. For attorney's fees and costs; 5. For interest according to law; For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper. 6. 5 6 Respectfully submitted, Date: June 1, 2005 THE CARRICK LAW GROUP 8 A Professional Corporation 9 10 Roger Lane Carrick 11 Attorney for Plaintiff American Environmental Safety Institute 12 13 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 14 Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on the first and second causes of action. 15 Respectfully submitted, Date: June 1, 2005 16 17 THE CAPROCK LAW GROUP, P.C. 18 19 ROGER LANE CARRICK 20 Attorneys for Plaintiff American Environmental Safety Institute 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Kimberly A.K. Burgo, declare as follows:

I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County of Los Angeles; I am over the age of 18 years and am not a party to the within action or proceeding. I am employed by the law firm of The Carrick Law Group, a Professional Corporation, located at 350 S. Grand Avenue, Suite 2930, Los Angeles, California 90071. I am readily familiar with The Carrick Law Group's business practice for collection and processing of correspondence for overnight delivery with United Parcel Service ("UPS"), and am aware that envelopes placed for collection and overnight delivery within the firm of The Carrick Law Group will be deposited with an authorized UPS processing center on the same day for overnight delivery to the addressee.

On June 1, 2005, pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(f), as amended, I served the within:

REPORT OF CIVIL COMPLAINT FILING – re: American Environmental Safety Institute v. The Procter & Gamble Distributing Company, et al.; Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC334309

in said cause, by placing a true and correct copy thereof in envelopes addressed as follows:

State of California – Department of Justice Attorney General's Office Proposition 65 Enforcement Reporting 1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000 Oakland, California 94612 Attn: Prop 65 Coordinator

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed on June 1, 2005, at Los Angeles, California.

Kimberly AK. Burgo